



INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH JOURNAL OF HUMANITIES AND INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES

(Peer-reviewed, Refereed, Indexed & Open Access Journal)

DOI : 03.2021-11278686

ISSN : 2582-8568

IMPACT FACTOR : 8.428 (SJIF 2026)

Hydroponics in Hotels: An Empirical Study on Feasibility, Sustainability and Guest Perception of In-House Farming Systems

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DOI No. 03.2021-11278686 DOI Link :: <https://doi-ds.org/doi/10.2026-36213448/IRJHIS2604019>

Abstract:

The hospitality industry is increasingly embracing sustainable practices to address environmental concerns and meet evolving consumer expectations. Among various innovations, hydroponics—a soil-less method of cultivation using nutrient-rich water—has emerged as a promising solution for in-house food production in hotels. This study evaluates the feasibility of hydroponic systems in hotels, their sustainability benefits, and their impact on guest perception. A quantitative research approach was adopted using a structured questionnaire administered to 80 respondents. Data were analyzed using descriptive statistics and correlation techniques. The findings indicate that hydroponics significantly enhances perceived food quality, supports sustainability goals, and positively influences customer satisfaction and willingness to pay. Additionally, real-world case evidence suggests that hydroponic systems can reduce supply chain dependency and improve operational efficiency. However, challenges such as high initial investment, maintenance costs, and technical expertise requirements remain barriers to widespread adoption. The study concludes that hydroponics represents a viable and innovative solution for sustainable hospitality operations, offering both environmental and economic benefits.

Keywords: Hydroponics, Sustainable Hospitality, Green Hotels, Guest Perception, In-house Farming

1. Introduction:

The global hospitality industry is undergoing a paradigm shift, driven by increasing environmental awareness, technological advancements, and changing consumer behavior. Sustainability is no longer an optional strategy but a fundamental requirement for long-term success in the hospitality sector. Modern travelers are becoming more conscious about the environmental impact of their choices, including food consumption, waste generation, and carbon footprint.

Food and beverage operations constitute a significant component of hotel services, directly influencing guest satisfaction and overall experience. Traditionally, hotels have relied on external supply chains for sourcing fresh produce. However, this dependency often results in issues such as

inconsistent quality, higher costs, and environmental concerns related to transportation and packaging. In this context, hydroponics has emerged as a transformative solution. Hydroponics involves growing plants without soil, using nutrient-rich water in controlled environments. This method allows for efficient resource utilization, reduced water consumption, and year-round production of fresh produce. For hotels, hydroponics offers the opportunity to adopt a farm-to-table approach, enhancing both sustainability and guest experience.

This study aims to explore the feasibility of hydroponic systems in hotels and analyze their impact on guest perception, satisfaction, and willingness to pay. By integrating empirical data with practical insights, the research contributes to the growing body of knowledge on sustainable innovations in hospitality.

2. Literature Review:

The concept of sustainability in hospitality has gained significant attention in recent years, with researchers emphasizing the importance of environmentally responsible practices. Studies have shown that sustainable initiatives, such as energy conservation, waste reduction, and local sourcing, positively influence customer satisfaction and brand loyalty.

Hydroponics, as an agricultural innovation, has been widely studied for its efficiency and productivity. Research indicates that hydroponic systems can use up to 90% less water compared to conventional farming methods while producing higher yields. Additionally, the controlled environment reduces the need for pesticides, resulting in healthier and safer food products.

In the hospitality context, the integration of local and organic food has been linked to enhanced guest experiences. Guests increasingly value transparency in food sourcing and prefer establishments that demonstrate environmental responsibility. Hydroponics aligns with these expectations by enabling hotels to produce fresh, locally grown food on-site.

Technological advancements have further facilitated the adoption of hydroponics in urban settings. Smart farming technologies, including automated nutrient delivery systems and climate control mechanisms, have made hydroponics more efficient and scalable.

Despite these advantages, limited research exists on the implementation of hydroponics within hotel operations. Most studies focus on agricultural or urban farming perspectives, leaving a gap in understanding its application in hospitality. This study addresses this gap by examining both operational feasibility and consumer perception.

3. Research Gap:

While sustainability practices in hospitality have been extensively studied, the specific application of hydroponics in hotel operations remains underexplored. Existing literature lacks empirical evidence on:

- The feasibility of hydroponic systems in hotels

- The impact of hydroponics on guest perception and satisfaction
- The financial implications and return on investment

This study seeks to bridge these gaps by providing a comprehensive analysis of hydroponics in the hospitality context.

4. Objectives of the Study:

1. To evaluate the feasibility of hydroponic systems in hotels.
2. To analyze the sustainability benefits of hydroponics.
3. To examine the impact of hydroponics on guest perception and satisfaction.
4. To assess the willingness of guests to pay a premium for hydroponic produce.

5. Hypotheses:

- **H1:** Hydroponics positively influences guest perception of food quality.
- **H2:** Sustainability practices positively impact customer satisfaction.
- **H3:** Hydroponics increases guests' willingness to pay a premium.
- **H4:** Awareness of hydroponics positively influences hotel preference.

6. Research Methodology:

6.1 Research Design:

The study adopts a quantitative descriptive research design to analyze consumer perceptions and attitudes toward hydroponics in hotels.

6.2 Sample Design:

The sample consists of 80 respondents, selected using convenience sampling. The target population includes hotel guests and individuals with experience in dining or staying at hospitality establishments.

6.3 Data Collection:

Primary data were collected using a structured questionnaire based on a five-point Likert scale. The questionnaire included sections on awareness, preferences, sustainability perception, and willingness to pay.

6.4 Tools for Analysis:

- Descriptive statistics (mean, percentage)
- Correlation analysis
- Comparative analysis

7. Data Analysis and Results:

The analysis reveals several key insights into consumer perception of hydroponics in hospitality:

Awareness:

A majority of respondents (55%) demonstrated moderate awareness of hydroponics, indicating

the need for increased consumer education.

Guest Preferences:

Respondents showed a strong preference for fresh and sustainable food, with mean scores exceeding 4.0. This highlights the growing importance of sustainability in dining choices.

Willingness to Pay:

Approximately 65% of respondents expressed willingness to pay a premium for hydroponic produce, suggesting strong market potential.

Experience Enhancement:

Most respondents agreed that hydroponics enhances the overall hotel experience, contributing to higher satisfaction levels.

Correlation Analysis:

The results indicate strong positive relationships between hydroponics, sustainability perception, and customer satisfaction. This supports the proposed hypotheses and underscores the strategic importance of sustainable innovations.

8. Case Studies:

Several hotels worldwide have successfully implemented hydroponic systems, demonstrating their practical viability. These establishments utilize rooftop farms, vertical farming systems, and in-house greenhouses to produce fresh vegetables and herbs.

Such implementations have resulted in reduced procurement costs, improved food quality, and enhanced brand image. Guests appreciate the transparency and authenticity associated with farm-to-table experiences, leading to increased loyalty and positive word-of-mouth.

These case studies highlight the potential of hydroponics as a transformative innovation in the hospitality industry.

9. Cost-Benefit Analysis (ROI Model):

Hydroponic systems require a moderate initial investment, including infrastructure, equipment, and installation costs. However, the long-term benefits outweigh these initial expenses.

Cost Components:

- System setup and infrastructure
- Energy and maintenance
- Labor and training

Benefits:

- Reduced procurement costs
- Premium pricing opportunities
- Enhanced brand value

Payback Period:

The average payback period ranges between 2–4 years, depending on the scale of implementation and market positioning.

10. Discussion:

The findings of this study indicate that hydroponics has significant potential to enhance sustainability and guest satisfaction in the hospitality industry. The positive perception of hydroponic produce reflects changing consumer preferences toward healthier and environmentally responsible options.

The willingness to pay a premium further reinforces the economic viability of hydroponics. Hotels can leverage this trend to differentiate themselves in a competitive market and enhance their brand image.

However, the adoption of hydroponics requires careful planning and investment. Hotels must consider factors such as space availability, technical expertise, and operational costs. Collaboration with technology providers and agricultural experts can help overcome these challenges. Overall, hydroponics represents a strategic opportunity for hotels to align with sustainability goals while enhancing guest experience.

11. Managerial Implications:

- Hotels should adopt pilot hydroponic systems before large-scale implementation
- Training programs should be conducted for staff
- Marketing strategies should highlight sustainability initiatives
- Integration with farm-to-table dining concepts can enhance guest engagement

12. Conclusion:

Hydroponics offers a sustainable and innovative solution for the hospitality industry, addressing both environmental and operational challenges. The study demonstrates that hydroponics can enhance food quality, improve sustainability performance, and positively influence guest perception.

Despite initial challenges, the long-term benefits make hydroponics a viable strategy for hotels seeking competitive advantage and sustainability leadership.

13. Limitations and Future Scope:

Limitations:

- Limited sample size
- Geographic constraints
- Potential response bias

Future Scope:

- Large-scale empirical studies

- Integration with smart farming technologies
- Comparative analysis across hotel categories

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